## Springdale First School

## Imagine, Believe, Achieve

Year 3 / Art / Painting

Children's prior learning in this area


Van Gogh - Starry Night

- Mixing paint - tints and tones
- Using paint to create texture

Year 1


Kandinsky - Concentric Circles

- Use of line
- Light/dark colours
- Mixing from primary colours
- Creating tints and tones



Pablo Picasso - Woman with a blue hat

- I am an artist


## Key vocabulary and glossary

## - Colour

- Primary, secondary, complementary colours, hot/cold, warm/cold
- Line
- Geometric and organic lines, curved, outlines to create shapes.
- Form
- Drawing to take on 3D, different viewpoints, perspective, Cubism, realistic/abstract
- Tone - use of colour, light/dark to create contrast, depth
- Colour wheel


## Enquiry Question - Who was Pablo Picasso?

## Concept - Artists

Biographical knowledge
Pablo Picasso was born on October 25th 1881 in Spain and he died on April 8th 1973 in France, where he had spent most of his adult life.

Over the course of his life and career, Picasso created more than 20,000 pieces of art.

Picasso challenged conventional, realistic and traditional art forms. He wanted his art to reflect the modern world and to emphasise the difference between a painting and reality.

## What is cubism?

Cubism is a style of art that originated in Paris around 1907 and is most closely associated with the art of Pablo Picasso. It is characterised by the use of angular geometric shapes and attempts to show a single object from many different perspectives at the same time.

To create this effect he used bright colours and unusual shapes.
Task:

- Show children a picture of Pablo Picasso and discuss important facts about his life.
- Children will write a biography about Pablo Picasso

Who is Pablo Picasso? | Tate Kids

## Enquiry Question - How did Pablo Picasso paint?

## Concept - Artists

## Technique and Style

Children will look at 'Seated Woman (MarieTherese) 1937
What do the children see?
They will look at and talk about key elements within his work -
Colour - light colours, darker colours, colour mixing to create secondary colours,complementary colours
Line - geometric lines, organic, curved, straight, outlines of objects/shapes
Form - the drawing take on a 3D form, viewpoint, Cubism
Tone - shading to create light and dark, to create contrast, depth

They will use the key elements to annotate - Woman with a blue hat, in their sketch books.
They will be able to talk about the different persepectives he used and the use of Cubism.

Task:

- Show children the painting of Woman with a blue hat
- Introduce the key elements that can be seen in the painting and annotate.
- The children will use the painting to annotate using the key elements.


## Enquiry Question - What techniques did Pablo Picasso use? <br> Concept - Generating Ideas

## Colour Mixing

Children to learn that Pablo Picasso used colour for feelings. His 'Blue' period when his friend died. During his Blue Period Picasso sought out moments of sadness to capture in paint.

Then 3 years later, he started to add colour and tone back into his paintings, known as the 'Rose' Period.

Introduce - complementary colours - opposite colours on the colour wheel.

Children to know where the colours are on a colour wheel.

Different sized brushes were used for differernt effects.


The children need to be taught how to paint with small strokes, increased control, detail in lines and edges of shapes

The teacher will demonstrate how to use colour and pattern to create mood in the painting Seated Woman, 1937.

Picasso: The Pivotal Blue, and Rose Periods - Street Art Museum tours

## Task:

The children will use

complementary colours using a related picture.
Children to relate links between colours and feelings.

## Enquiry Question - What techniques did Pablo Picasso use?

Concept - Generating Ideas

The children are going to learn how to draw
a face/ person in the style of Pablo Picasso.
Explicit drawing skills taught
Use video to support with the teaching.
Art Lessons Online: How to Draw a Picasso Face (K-5) Bing video

Teacher to demonstrate how to draw a face from the different perspectives using similar techniques to Picasso.

The children will use a step by step technique to learn how to draw, so they are ready to then create their own independent piece in the next lesson.

Use the two paintings the children have already been exposed to, to support the drawing style/ technique Cubism.

Pablo Picasso Paintings

Enquiry Question - How can we create a painting in the style of Pablo Picasso?
Concept - Making (2 lessons)

1. Drawing
2. Painting

## Children will be able to select the

 different drawing styles/ techniques learnt to create a drawing based on different stimulis used (faces) in the style of Pablo Picasso.The children will use the colour wheel and mood wheel to represent the emotions of the person/ face. The teacher will demonstrate how to use colour and pattern to create mood in the drawing

## Task:

Lesson 1 - After being explosed to different drawing by Pablo Picasso, the children will use the skills and knowledge from previous lessons to draw in a similar style, using the face/ person as a stimulus. Lesson 2 - Using the Woman in a blue hat for inspiration, the children will then use the paint mixing and emotions wheel to paint their person.

The children need to choose colours based on the feelings and emotions they want to project - Blue period, Rose period, hot/cold, complementary colours

Enquiry Question - How effective are my choices of materials and technique?
Concept - Evaluating

## Children will identify the elements that

they have used in their painting - colour, line, tone, form

Children will be able to talk about the reasons why they have made their specific choices and reflect on their effectiveness

I can annotate my painting using the key elements.
Children will be able to compare their work with others and the artist, Pablo Picasso.

Task:

- The children will annotate their drawings using the key elements they have learned about. Describe the different colour choices and what skills they used to create their painting.
- The children will share and compare their work with others and discuss the techniques used that are in the style of Pablo Picasso

